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During the period July 2005 to June 2006, seven cultivar names in unassigned woody genera were registered. Individuals introducing new cultivars of ornamental plants are encouraged to register these names with a view to nomenclatural stabilization. A directory of International Registration Authorities and list of the unassigned woody genera is available at http://www.ishs.org/sci/iradirec.htm and from the American Public Gardens Association, 351 Longwood Road, Kennett Square, PA 19348, U.S.A. All previously registered cultivars of unassigned woody genera are listed at: https://www.bbg.org/sci/taxonomy/registration.html. The present International Registration Authority for unassigned woody ornamentals can be contacted at the address above.

Acer palmatum ‘Cloud of Dragons’. Registered August 7th, 2005. Registrant: Richard Kowalsky, Dragon Cloud Japanese Maples, Box 815, Rocklin, CA 95677-0815, U.S.A. Acer palmatum ‘Cloud of Dragons’ originated as a chance seeding of Acer palmatum, and was discovered in 2002. This new cultivar is distinguished by its unusual leaf blades that droop or hang from the petioles. The mature leaves are variegated with different shades of green or sometimes green with cream or chartreuse. They are deeply and irregularly 2–7 lobed, and show a similar degree of variation in shape and form to those of Acer palmatum ‘The Old Boy’. Acer palmatum ‘Cloud of Dragons’ was first released commercially in 2005 by Dragon Cloud Japanese Maples.

Acer palmatum ‘The Old Boy’. Registered 7 Aug. 2005. Registrant: Richard Kowalsky, Dragon Cloud Japanese Maples, Box 815, Rocklin, CA 95677-0815, U.S.A. Acer palmatum ‘The Old Boy’ originated as a chance seeding of Acer palmatum, and was discovered in 2002. This new cultivar is distinguished by its markedly distorted leaves and by its stem and branches having occasional contortions and sometimes abnormally short and non-typical spacing of the internodes. The mature leaves are green on green variegated and are 3–7 lobed, with the lobes varying greatly in size and shape, but often being twisted or curved and sometimes overlapping. The margins of the leaf blade are also unusual in showing an abnormal degree of variation, ranging from irregularly notched to serrate toothed or entire. Acer palmatum ‘The Old Boy’ was first released commercially in 2005 by Dragon Cloud Japanese Maples.

Koelreuteria paniculata ‘Hélène d’Andlau’. Registered 12 Jan. 2006. Registrant: Gianlupo Osti, via Mercati 17A, 00197 Rome, Italy. Koelreuteria paniculata ‘Hélène d’Andlau’ originated as a chance seedling in the nursery of Marco Sartori of Como, Italy in 1985 and was chosen by Comtesse Hélène d’Andlau for her garden, near Paris. This new cultivar is distinguished by the color of the new leaves, which are pink and white variegated for the first month. The cultivar also has a slower growth rate than typical for the species and remains a compact medium sized shrub, even at maturity. Its cultivation requirements do not differ from the species but the young leaves of the new cultivar are slightly more prone to sun scorch in warmer climates.

Tilia ‘Pendamur’. Registered 22 Feb. 2006. Registrant: Kimmo L. Kolkka, Huhdintie 16 B 7, 03600 Karkkila, Finland. Tilia ‘Pendamur’ originated as an open-pollinated seedling of Tilia amurensis in the garden of Seija Lehtinen in Vallaspetlo, Joutsa, Finland. The female parent was originally wild collected as seed in the Changbai Mountains of China by the Botanical Garden of the Helsinki University in 1994. This new cultivar is distinguished from Tilia amurensis by its prostrate habit. Propagation is via scions, which were grafted onto an upright stock of Tilia cordata or T. ×europaea will become weeping. The cultivar is hardy to USDA zone 4b and is tolerant of a wide range of soil types. While it is proposed to commercially introduce Tilia ‘Pendamur’ in the future, the cultivar is currently not available in the trade. A photograph of Tilia ‘Pendamur’ has been deposited in the herbarium of Brooklyn Botanic Garden.

Acer rubrum ‘Pete’s Fairview’. Registered 6 Mar. 2006. Registrant: Carolyn McGill, A. McGill & Son Wholesale Nursery, P.O. Box 967, Canby, OR 97013, U.S.A. Acer rubrum ‘Pete’s Fairview’ originated as a chance seedling in cultivation in Fairview, Ore., that was selected by Peter K. McGill. This new cultivar is distinguished by having an average concentration of chlorophyll in its leaves than in other Acer rubrum cultivars and by developing its fall color earlier than similar cultivars like A. rubrum ‘October Glory’. Acer rubrum ‘Pete’s Fairview’ was first released commercially in 1991 by A. McGill & Son Wholesale Nursery and a description was published in that nursery’s catalog the same year. The plant is commercially available under the Trademark name FAIRVIEW FLAME. Acer rubrum ‘Pete’s Fairview’ is hardy in USDA zones 4–9 and is best grown in moist soils.

Acer rubrum ‘Pete’s Red’. Registered 6 Mar. 2006. Registrant: Carolyn McGill, A. McGill & Son Wholesale Nursery, P.O. Box 967, Canby, OR 97013, U.S.A. Acer rubrum ‘Pete’s Red’ originated from a breeding program in Fairview, Ore., and was selected by the late John McIntyre in 1958. This cultivar is distinguished by relatively small leaves that are produced in greater profusion than in other Acer rubrum cultivars and by developing its fall color two to three weeks earlier than the species. Acer rubrum ‘Pete’s Red’ was first released commercially in 1965 by A. McGill & Son Wholesale Nursery and a description was published in that nursery’s catalog in 1964. A description also appears in Dirr, M. (1990) Manual of Woody Landscape Plants: Their identification, ornamental characteristics, culture, propagation and uses, p. 66, Stipes Publishing Co. The plant is commercially available under the Trademark name AUTUMN FLAME and has been patented in the United States (PP2377). Acer rubrum ‘Pete’s Red’ is hardy in USDA zones 4–8 and may be grown in a wide variety of soils.

Halesia carolina ‘Jersey Belle’. Registered 6 Mar. 2006. Registrant: Andrea Bonville, Princeton Nurseries, P.O. Box 185, Allentown, N.J. 08501, U.S.A. Halesia carolina ‘Jersey Belle’ originated as a chance seedling in cultivation that was selected by Princeton Nurseries. This new cultivar is distinguished by its upright and uniform growth, which at maturity results in an oval to rounded tree with a more regular outline than in other cultivars of the species. This new cultivar also has a clearer yellow fall color than typical for the species. Halesia carolina ‘Jersey Belle’ was first released commercially in 2006 by Princeton Nurseries and a description was published in that nursery’s July 2006 catalog. Halesia carolina ‘Jersey Belle’ is hardy in USDA zones 5–8 and is best grown in well-drained fertile soils. Two photographic slides of this new cultivar have been deposited in the herbarium of the Brooklyn Botanic Garden.

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